The Rutherford Star.

BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKETT.

VOL. IV. RUTHERFORDTON. N. C. SATURDAY. APRIL 2, 1870. NO. 10.

Professional Cards

J. B. CARPENTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Collections promptly attended to. 3-1y.

R. W. LOGAN.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care.
Particular attention given to collections in both Superior and Justices' Courts.

J. L. CARSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Collections made in any part of the State if possible. feb.6tl.

M. H. JUSTICE,
Attorney at Law,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Claims collected in all parts of the State. dec19 47-1y

L. F. CHURCHILL, G. M. WHITESIDE
CHURCHILL & WHITESIDE
ATTORNEYS and COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Will practice in all the Courts of Western North Carolina, in the Supreme Courts of the State and in the District, Circuit and Suprem Courts of the United States. feb 6t

Dr. J. W. HARRIS,

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATtention to all Professional calls, and hopes to merit a continuance of his long established practice.

Has constantly on hand a fine supply of PURE DRUGS at his office in Rutherfordton. e 2-tf 18

DR. J. M. CRATON,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

OFFERS his professional services to his old friends, and the public generally. Office at his Drug Store. dec.19tf

Dr. O. HICKS,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

CONTINUES the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery, in Rutherford and the surrounding counties. Charges moderate. mch.18tf.

W. M. SHIPP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Charlotte, N. C.

Will attend to all business entrusted to his care in the IXth Judicial district. Collections made in all parts of the State. 45-1y

H. CABANISS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
SHELBY, N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Rutherford, Cleveland and Gaston.

John T. Butler,
PRACTICAL

Watch and Clock
MAKER AND JEWELER, &C.,
Main St., Charlotte, N. C.

Dealer in Fine Watches and Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles and Watch Materials, &c.
Fine Watches, Olocks and Jewelry of every description repaired and warranted for twelve months.
Work left at the VINDICATOR Office will be forwarded at my expense. 45-tf.

ALEXANDER & MASON.

C. M. Alexander, late Col. of 2nd D. C. Vol and ex-Postmaster of Washington, D. C.	J. M. Mason, Attorney at Law, and late Capt. in 2nd D. C. Vol.

SOLICITORS OF
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PATENTS,
AND
COUNSELORS AT PATENT LAW.
(15 *years experience as solicitors of Patents*
460 Seventh St., Opposite the Patent Office,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Papers Carefully Prepared, and Patents secured without delay.
Examinations in the Patent Office Free of Charge, and no individual fee asked in any case, unless a Patent is allowed.
Send for Circular of terms, instructions and references.
aug.5-tf.

CHARLOTTE HOTEL,
W. M. MATTHEWS & SON,
PROPRIETORS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TAKE this method of returning their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally for the very liberal manner in which their House has been patronized under the charge of Matthews & Stegall, and they pledge themselves that no pains shall be spared to make their patrons comfortable.
Their table shall be furnished with the very best the market affords.
Attentive and polite servants will always be on hand and every effort will be made to give entire satisfaction.
Their stables are large and commodious, sufficient to accommodate all who may come to see us. Horses and Vehicles always on hand to supply the wants of customers.

RUTHERFORTON MALE ACADEMY.

The Spring session of the Rutherfordton Male Academy will commence Jan. 24th, 1870.
Rates of Tuition per session of twenty weeks (as agreed upon by the Trustees.)
$6, $10 and $15.00 according to grade of studies. W. L. TWITTY, Prin.
Jan. 1870. 1-1m.

DRUG TRADE!
KILGORE & CURETON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
CORNER TRADE AND TRYON STREETS.

Invite attention to their large and well selected stock of

Drugs,
Medicines,
Paints, Oils,
Varnishes, Dye Stuffs,
Window, Glass, Brushes, Combs,
Fancy and Toilet Articles,
Perfumery, Soaps,
Kerosene Oil,
Lamps,

and everything kept by a first class
DRUG HOUSE.

Merchants Physicans and others are invited to examine our stock and prices.

T. K. CURETON,
RESIDENT PARTNER,
45-1y CHARLOTTE, N. C.

W. M. WILSON, W. J. BLACK.
WILSON & BLACK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS In Drugs, Medicines, Pants, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Window Glass, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, &c.
Corner Trade & College Sts.,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Vindicator copy tf. 45-1y

1000 SACKS
LIVERPOOL SALT delivered any Depot, $2.30 to the Trade.
STENHOUSE, MACAULEY & Co.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE
Paid for country produce by
STENHOUSE, MACAULEY & CO.
45-3m

GROVER & BAKER'S
FIRST PREMIUM
ELASTIC STITCH
FAMILY SEWING
MACHINES,
181 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.—Beauty and Elasticity of Stich. Perfection and simplicity of Machinery. Using both threads directly from the spools. No fastening of seams by hand and no waste of thread. Wide range of application without change of adjustment. The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing. Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and ornamental work.
36-1y.

Fresh Garden, Flower, Fruit, Herb, Tree, Shrub and Evergreen Seeds, with directions far culture, prepaid by mail. The most Complete and Judicious assortment in the country.—Agents wanted.

25 Sorts of either for $1.00; prepaid by mail. Also Small Fruits, Plants, Bulbs, all the new Potatoes, &c., prepaid by mail. 4 lbs. Early Rose Potato, prepaid, for $1.00. Conover's Colossal Asparagus, $3 per 100; $25 per 100, prepaid. New hardy fragrant everblooming Japan Honeysuckle, 50 cts. each, prepaid. True *Cape Cod* Cranberry, for upland or lowland culture, $1,00 per 100, prepaid, with directions. Priced Catalogue to any address, gratis; also trade list Seeds on commission.
B. M. WATSON. Old Colony Nurseries and Seed Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established in 1842.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

Thanking our numerous friends who in the past so lavishly bestowed their favors upon us, and thereby placing us among the

First of the Merchants of Charlotte.

a title which we recognize with proud satisfaction, which we will endeavor to maintain by

Fair Dealing
and
Extraordinary Inducements

this coming season, to present the first and largest stock of goods ever brought to this State by any house, which we respectfully invite our numerous customers and all others who come to this market to purchase.
Very Respectfully,
WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS.

Mr. A. R. MAYER

is now with the above famous and well known house where he will be pleased to see his friends

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY
AND
Dress-Making,
BY
Miss BETSY WILLIAMS.
Over WITTKOWSKY & RINTEL'S Store.
45-tf Charlotte, N. C.

NOTICE.

I will attend at my office from the 7th to 12th of this month to list the taxable property, and also all special taxes for the Town Rutherfordton. Persons failing to list are liable by the ordinances of the Town to pay a double tax. See Ordinance in another column. March 1st 1870.
J. B. CARPENTER, Mayor.
6-2t
Vindicator copy 1 time.

Rock Me to Sleep, Mother.

[The following lines by Florence Percy, are reproduced, not that they are new, but because of their beauty and pathos. Every reader who has grown "weary of toils and of tears," must recall the days of their childhood when a fond mother watched over his slumbers, kissed away care and trouble from his brow, and gently, lovingly, rocked him to sleep.]

Backward, turn backward, oh Time in your flight,
Make me a child again just for to-night;
Mother come back from the echoeless shore,
Take me again to your heart as of yore;
Kiss from my forehead the furrows of care,
Smooth the few silver threads out of my hair;
Over my slumbers your loving watch keep,
Rock me to sleep mother, rock me to sleep.

Backward, flow back, oh tide of the years,
I am so weary of toil and of tears;
Toil without recompense, tears all in vain,
Take them, and give me my childhood again,
I have grown weary of dust and decay,
Weary of throwing my soul-wealth away;
Weary of sowing for others to reap,
Rock me to sleep mother, rock me to sleep.

Tired of the hollow, the base, the untrue,
Mother, oh mother, my heart calls for you;
Many a summer the grass has grown green,
Blossomed and faded, our faces between;
Yet with strong yearnings and passionate pain,
Long I to-night for your presence again;
Come from the silence so long and so deep,
Rock me to sleep mother, rock me to sleep.

Over my heart, in the days that are flown,
No love like mother love ever has shown;
No other worship abides and endures,
Faithful, unselfish, and patient, like yours;
None like a mother can charm away pain,
From the sick soul and the world-weary brain;
Slumber's soft calms o'er my heavy lids creep,
Rock me to sleep mother, rock me to sleep.

Never Say Fail.

Keep pushing—'tis wiser
Than setting aside,
And dreaming and sighing
And waiting the tide.
In life's earnest battle
They only prevail
Who daily march onward
And never say fail!

With an eye ever open,
A tongue that's not dumb
And a heart that will never
To sorrow succumb,
You'll battle and conquer,
Though thousands assail:
How strong and how mighty
Who never say fail!

The spirit of angels
Is active, I know,
As higher and higher
In glory they go:
Methinks on bright pinions
From heaven they sail,
To cheer and encourage
Who never say fail!

Ahead, then, keep pushing,
And elbow your way,
Unheeding the envious
All asses that bray;
All obstacles vanish,
All enemies quail
In the might of their wisdom
Who never say fail!

In life's rosy morning,
In manhood's fair pride,
Let this be the motto
Your footsteps to guide,
In storm and in sunshine,
Whatever assail,
We'll onward and conquer,
And never say fail!

POOR DOTY'S HOLIDAY.

BY B. S. B.

In a dim and dusty office of a great warehouse in the great city, Seth Doty had toiled almost from early boyhood; and he was now a man "in the sere and yellow leaf," with a large family to support, and none of them able as yet to contribute toward their own maintence.

Simple-minded and quiet, he had never asked for an advance but had patiently waited for the advance to come to him—but it never came. Just as he was one year ago to-day, he had been for more than twenty years, except that the snows of age were gathering round his brows, and from taciturn and attentive youth, he had grown into sedate, yet amiable age, and in all that time had simply been a clerk, and had filled but one department.

He had often had aspirations for a higher post and a better salary, but he had never dared to face the gruff and surely lion who held sway over his destiny, and whose slave he had been for so many years.

One day, when the lion seemed a trifle more pleasant and tractable than was his wont, Seth modestly approached, and indicating by his appearance, rather than by words, that he had a petition to offer, his employer asked:

"Well, Doty, what is it now?"

"I thought, sir, when I saw you so pleasant and cheerful like I'd just—that is—you see——"

"Well out with it. Do you want to borrow some money?"

Oh, no sir," (looking up very innocent of such an intent); "I only thought I'd like—you see, there's John Adam——"

"Oh you want an advance of salary?"

"No, sir—that is—it isn't that I was going to ask for now, but you see there's John Adams, as I was saying, he's been off on his holidays——"

"And his work has got behind I suppose, eh?"

"Well, yes, sir, his work was a bit behind, but we have got that all up now, and, as I was saying, there's John Adams and the other boys, they all have had their holidays, and I have never asked for any, you know, and so I thought I would like to go into the country to-morrow, just for one day. It has been a good many years since I was in the country, and——"

"To-morrow? Can't spare you to-morrow. Don't think of it."

And turning abruptly on his heel, he left poor Doty, not much amazed, but greatly agrieved at this, his first and last request of the kind. He never asked for a holiday again.

He had set his heart on this pleasant little trip to the country which he had intended to take in company with his wife and the eldest of his children.

He returned home disappointed but not dispirited, for his was ever a buoyant heart, and taking all blame to himself, rather than casting it on his employer, he persuaded his wife and children to go without him, and won from them, or from his wife at least, a reluctant consent to do so.

Poor Doty (as he was known by his sobriquet, a name bestowed on him both on account of his poverty and his unfortunate modesty), went sadly to his daily toil again, and worked day after day incessantly, from the gray morn till the lamps were lit, thus literally making his home a mere lodging place, and a few weeks only elapsed when he began to feel the pains of a malady that had fastened itself unconsciously upon him.

This was his *secret*, however; and no living soul knew that he was not just as hale now as he was twenty years ago.

At last one morning he failed to make his accustomed appearance, and so unusual a circumstance could not fail to elicit remark. The lion himself asked—

"Where's Doty to-day?"

"I don't know, sir," replied one of his fellow clerks. "I think he must be sick, sir; for he was not looking well when he went home last night."

It was too true.

He had kept faithfully at his work till actually forced to succumb to the insidious disease that preyed upon him; and when the terrible thought of death forced itself upon him, it was with the bitterest anguish he pictured to himself the future destitution of his little family.

Then again he rallied, and said: "I shall be better to-morrow."

But the morrow that should bear restored health to him never came again in this world!

His almost heart broken wife felt deeply for him, but struggled to maintain a cheerful exterior in his presence.

It was with the greatest reluctance he consented to receive the visit of a physician, mainly on account of the expense; but when his sufferings were past endurance, he yielded, and when at last the doctor came, it was too late.

In the meantime, as the days passed, and Doty did not make his appearance at the store, his employer, who was not altogether an inhumane man, sent to inquire about him. "He is very sick sir," was the messenger's report.

"He will be better in a few days."

The man shook his head.

"The doctor says there is no hope."

"So bad as that! Well, well, I must go and see him myself then."

And so it fell out that the next morning, before going to the store he called upon the sick man, to see for himself, how low he was.

It was not a stylish house he lived in, nor was it furnished with modern furniture. The carpets on the floor were badly worn, and the curtains at the window were faded and old, for poor Doty had struggled long with poverty, had tried to give his children an education, which he rightly considered better than a fortune to leave them, and so he had little money to bestow on household adornments.

Yet everything was clean and tidy, for Mrs. Doty was a careful housekeeper, and despite the swarm of little ones, who will create disorder, her parlor had a cheerful and wholesome look, that her husband's employer was glad to see.

Mr. Doty was very low, indeed He tried to rally a little at sight of his employer, and said he hoped to be at his post again soon.

"Don't let that worry you, Doty; your work is taken care of, and isn't getting behind. Keep yourself quiet, and take your own time to get well."

This was very kind coming from a man of so much austerity it seemed like sheer generosity. Yet poor Doty, whose mind had become shattered a little by the intensity of pain and suffering kept constantly saying he would be at his work again soon—sometimes saying he would be at the store to-morrow.

"I'll tell you what said his employer, kindly, "I'll give you a *holiday* to-morrow, and you shall enjoy yourself, and need not go to work till you get ready."

"Oh, thank you, sir, thank you," said Seth. "This is the first holiday I ever had, outside of Christmas, New Year's and the other regular statutory days, and I enjoy it more than I can tell you.—Thank you, sir; thank you—how I shall prize it."

On taking leave his employer took occasion to ask Mrs. Doty as to their provision for the future.

"O, sir, there is nothing provided. Poor Seth! he has always worked hard, and our family is so large we have not been able to save anything."

"Your oldest boy, Benny, must be nearly fourteen now?"

"Yes, sir he will be fourteen in May."

"Well he shall take his fathers place—that is, I do not expect him to do the work, he isn't competent to do that; but he shall draw the same salary."

"O sir——"

"Never mind. Now, listen: I had intended a year ago to advance your husband's salary, but he, in his quiet way, never put me in mind of it, so I overlooked it; but you shall have it all the same."

"O, heaven bless you sir——"

"There! there! now don't heap blessings on me for doing at this late hour what I ought to have done long ago. The money is his, and yours, and I will put a thousand dollars in bank for you to-morrow, and send two hundred for current expenses——"

"How kind!"

"Don't interrupt me. There will be his back pay besides, and if he should not get well Benny can take his place, and in the mean time his salary will run on as before. Good-by."

And before the poor woman could utter the thanks with which her grateful heart was filled, he was gone.

Sobbing with the great joy created by this act of kindness, she approached the bed-side of her husband and told him all. The children, too listened with rapt attention, and visions of future richness filled their young minds with youthful pleasure.

"He was always a strange man," said Seth. "But there is no selfishness in this act, I'm sure.—And besides, he has given me a holiday. We shall all be happy to-morrow. Do you think—do you think I shall be well enough to go into the county?"

"I fear not to *to-morrow*," replied his wife, "but I trust you will be better soon, and then we can all go and enjoy ourselves."

"Yes, but the holiday is to-morrow, and after that I shall want to go to my work again."

"Well, well, let us wait and see what the morrow shall bring."

Alas! it was a bitter morrow for that little family. All night long the sick man either lay in quiet stupor, or was racked with the pains of approaching dissolution. But one thought seemed to cheer him—the promised holiday. It would give him rest, and free him from the wearying pains he suffered. Starting from his restless sleep, he would murmur his thanks for the boon granted by his employer.

"To-morrow, Jane," he would say to his wife, "is my holiday! How happy.

The darting pains or the fancies of delirium would cut short his sentence, only to be begun again and always on the same theme.

Just as the gray dawn came stealing through the half-closed blinds he aroused a little, and said to his watching wife:

"It is morning, Jane. This is my holiday, to-day. I was in a great deal of pain last night, but I knew when the daylight would come that should bring my holiday, I should be better. We will go into the country to-day, out under the shade of the great trees—you remember the great trees when we were young, those happy years ago—we will go there. There will be fresh green grass and flowers, and the bright birds will sing to us, and it will seem to us that we are young again."

He paused a moment, and the heavy stillness that oppressed them was broken by the sobs of the faithful wife, who bowed her head in anguish on the pillow of her dying husband.

"Yes, Jane," he began again, "we will go there, where God has made everything bright and beautiful, out into the free, balmy air, away from this stifling atmosphere that almost chokes me.—How glad I am of this holiday! Come Jane!" He moved his hand in search of hers, which the instinct of affection caused her to take. "Come, let us go away from here and be—happy—happy!"

And so poor Doty at last had his holiday—the holiday of death! The sorrowing wife and weeping children gathered around the death-bed of husband and father; and the day that brought freedom and relief to him, brought grief and mourning to them.

There are many, many poor Dotys in this world. Their holiday will come.

At Vicksburg, the frequenters of Whiskey resorts are not asked what liquor they prefer, but are invited to "nominate your family disturbance."

The First Thousand Dollars.

The first thousand dollars that a young man, after going into the world to act for himself, earns and saves, will generally settle the question of business life with him. There are many exceptions to that statement; yet, for a rule, we think that it will hold true.

The first condition is that the young man actually earns the thousand dollars in question. He does not inherit this sum. It does not come by a streak of good luck, as the result of a fortunate venture in the purchase and sale of a hundred shares of stock. It is the fruit of personal industry. He gives his time and his labor for it. While he is earning and saving it, he must earn two or three, perhaps four times as much, to pay his current expenses. He is consequently held sternly to the task of industry for a very considerable period. The direct consequence to him is a steady, continuous and solid discipline in the habit of industry, in patient, persistent forecast and self-denying effort, breaking up all the tendencies to indolence and frivolity, and making him an earnest and watchful economist of time. He not only learns how to work, but he also acquires the love of work; and moreover, he learns the value of the sum he has thus saved out of his earnings. He has toiled for it; he has observed its slow increase from time to time; and, in his estimate, it represents so many months or years of practical labor. His ideas of life are shaped by his own experience.

The natural effects of earning the first thousand dollars we hold to be very large benefits. They are just the qualities of mind and body which are most likely to secure business success in after years. They constitute the best practical education which man can have as a worker in this working world. They are gained in season for life's purposes, at the opening period, just when they are wanted, when foolish notions are most likely to mislead an inexperienced brain, and when, too, there is a full opportunity for their expansion and development in later years. Men have but one life to live; and hence they start from opening manhood but once.

And the manner in which they start the purposes they have in view, and the habits they form will ordinarily determine the entire sequel of their career on earth. To succeed, men must have the elements of success in themselves. One great reason why there are so many useless, inefficient, and poverty-stricken men—or rather boys seeming to be men—consists in the simple fact that they did not start right. A prominent reason why the children of the rich so frequently amount to nothing may be found in the luxury, ease and indolence which marred the commencement of their lives. It is the law of God that we should be workers on earth; and no one so well consults the best development of his being as when he conforms his practice to this law. The workers in some suitable sphere are the only strong people.—*Exchange.*

An Irish boy, trying hard to get a place, denied that he was Irish.

"I don't know what you mean by not being an Irishman," said the gentleman who was about to hire him; "but this I know, that you were born in Ireland."

"Oeh! your honor, if that's all, small blame that. Suppose your old cat had kittens in the oven, would they be loaves of bread?"

The boy got the place.

THE STAR.

J. B. CARPENTER. R. W. LOGAN.

CARPENTER & LOGAN.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1870.

The Ku-Klux Investigation.

The Democratic party have always been ready to deny the fact, that there is any such thing in existence as a Ku-Klux organization. Notwithstanding these midnight assassins, have been for months committing the most atrocious depredations ever recorded in the history of any civilized community, upon the persons of good citizens, in almost every part of this State.

Since the investigation in this county, we think there is no longer any doubt, among the people of this section, that such an organization does exist, and that in Rutherford county.

The facts go to prove it, and it is useless for the Democratic party to deny it, charges have been preferred against them, and they were brought before Judge LOGAN, and upon an investigation they were bound over to Court and still more the Grand Jury of Rutherford county, has sustained the Judge, by finding a *true bill* against them. What better evidence do the people want? Is not this sufficient to prove to them beyond a shadow of doubt that there is such an organization and that it is a *political* organization, gotten up for the purpose of murdering, whipping and frightening the people, with a view to intimidating them and preventing them from voting the Republican ticket?

We have not time to deal fully with this subject, at this time but will take it up in the future, and comment at length.

One thing we will say however let the people take warning from this, and go to work now and break down this party, for we say if they are guilty of such *atrocious crimes*, while in the minority what, will they not do if they get control of the State? In our opinion our condition would be intolerable.

Clogs to Progress in the South.

The following is an extract from a letter by Col. A. K. McClure, to the *Franklin Repository:* "Very slowly the more liberal men of South Carolina are learning the lesson of Fate. For nearly five years they have made war against progress. They could not and would not believe that the sacred, social and political laws of South Carolina must be changed. They clung to every ray of hope as the drowning man clutches at the floating straws. They had hope in Johnson, but saw all his promises turn to ashes in their hands. They had hope in Seymour and even in Blair, who shared in the destruction of Columbia, but it vanished as the nation rolled up its great majority for Grant. They took fresh courage from Virginia and Tennessee, but Mississippi and Texas have swept that away. Those who are willing to see at all now understand that reconstruction is fashioned unalterably, and they would gladly lead their people to wisdom, but it is a hopeless task. They will resist the political rights of the freedman and spurn his counsels and political aid, until a new order of men write the epitaphs of the present leaders of the whites. They will not resist the laws, as a rule. Indeed, they profess and mean obedience, but it is the submission of the quarry slave who goes scourged to his dungeon. This widespread feeling is the great barrier to the regeneration of the South. The people do not war upon Northern men with violence. The person and property of strangers are safer in South Carolina than in New York city, but, as is most natural, they will war upon the Northern emigrant in a thousand ways. They will shun him socially; they will avoid his place of business; they will not employ him; in short, they will render him only civility and deal with him only from necessity. I have now been a month in Columbia, and shared the hospitality of Northern people, but between them and the natives there is an impassable social gulf. A few Southern men lament it, but not one, so far as I know, has been able to open his doors to the most reputable Northern visitors and welcome them to his fireside and family. The attrition of business interests and intercourse gradually makes Southern gentlemen sociable, but their families are beyond the reach of reconstruction. For exercising this fatal influence over the destiny of South Carolina the women are rather to be pitied than blamed. The Northern women cannot appreciate the sorrows of Southern women.—Whether real or imaginary, the sorrow is the same. They have been reared in the utmost dependence—not upon themselves, but upon others. They were taught, in theory and in practice, that they were to command and others to obey, that they were to enjoy and others to labor. Of the world they knew nothing beyond reaping where they had not sown, and are bereft of property and service, and are plunged into poverty with utter helplessness to make it perpetual. They dare not learn to be useful to themselves and their children, for that would be disgraceful; they cannot learn, if they would, for there are none to teach them. The independent, self-reliant, progressive women of the North is an abomination in their sight, and is shunned as an unsexed social monster. Congress may practically reconstruct the men of the South, but what power exists sufficient to the task of reconstructing the Southern women? When this problem is solved, the work of reconstruction can be completed. The solution is a question of years. How long it may take depends upon the measure of Northern emigration. Northern capitalists are now gradually possessing the Southern railroads. Factories will follow and employ the fine water powers and cheap labor so abundant here. Farmers will sell their Northern farms at $50 to $150 per acre, and buy equally fertile lands, with the most inviting climate, for from five dollars to fifteen dollars per acre, and Northern mechanics must come to keep pace with Northern progress. Northern merchants will settle in Northern communities, which will have Northern churches and pastors, and necessity will make the Southerner advance. The present generation will move slowly, but the next will be glad to accept Northern ways and respect Northern energy. The hope of the South is in Northern emigration, and the sooner it comes the sooner will the blessings of peace and prosperity heal the wounds and restore the desolated places of the sunny South.

Taxation.

The following we clip from an exchange, which we think is to the point: "There is a pretty general clamor for a reduction of taxation, all over the country.—The people desire Congress to so direct their legislation, that the burdens of taxation may be reduced to the lowest possible point, consonant with the integrity of the nation. The people do not desire any step to be taken that will lessen the credit of our country at home or abroad, but they do feel that many of the existing expenses of running the government might, with profit, be lopped off. This fact they feel that our Senators and Representatives well understand, and to them they look to carry out their known wishes to the fullest extent possible.

It is encouraging to see a disposition of entrenchment manifested in Congress, yet this feeling is not so general and earnest as the people would like to see.—There is no one act now, that will render our public servants so popular with the people as that of a persistent determination to lessen the burdens of taxation. This heavy load has now been borne a long time by the masses, with scarcely a murmur, the people feeling it to be necessary to the preservation of the honor of the nation. That period is now passed, and the feeling that the time has fully arrived that taxation may safely be reduced, is wide spread, and cannot be ignored by our Senators and Representatives without disaster to themselves."

Injunction,

The Charlotte *Democrat* learns that the Public Treasurer has been enjoined against delivering to the Wil., Char. & Ruth. Railroad the $500,000 of Bonds which were authorized to be surrendered to the Company by late Act of the Legislature to enable it to prosecute work on the Road.—Those bonds had been placed in the Treasury as security that the Company would pay the interest on Bonds outstanding and held by different parties. The injunction was sued out by some one who holds Bonds and who disputes the right of the Legislature to surrender the securities held by the State, These are the facts in brief, remarks our cotemperary, as we learn them on the eve of going to press.

In a series of resolutions offered by us in the Senate some days since, we took the ground that in this State, *all* the men who are *now* devoted to the Union, should unite and form *one* party. It is undeniable that all over the South there are thousands who are yet the bitter enemies of the Union. Georgia, Tennessee and in our own State, there are proofs in the words, deeds and *sympathy* given to assassins of Republicans and friends of the Union. Until there is peace—until there is security of property and life. Until all men have the rights given under the law this *one* plank will do to stand together on. It is very broad and strong. Stand for the Union.—*Republican.*

For Sale or to Let.

What is now left of the Democratic party in this State is for sale or to let, or will be exchanged for other political property. Those having an idea of investing, may enquire as to its utility of the oldest inhabitant, as he is supposed to know more about the purity of the party than any one of the stage at the present day.

Those who have the keeping of the party in charge are desirous of changing it for a "Conservative" party, a "liberal" party or any other party having a different name but meaning about the same thing, no "Whig" party need apply. Bids left open till the August election.

The party is to be traded off for no fault, except that it has become obnoxious to its old followers, who demand a change.—*Times.*

BETTER THAN EVER BEFORE.—The *Phrenological Journal* and *Packard's Monthly* consolidated! See the april number of our old favorite for reading the most instructive and agreeable to minds young and old. From its rich contents we select the following: Thomas H. Selby, Mayor of San Francisco, with Portrait; Mental Requisites of the Artist; Philosophy of Faith; Henry Bergh, the Philanthropist, with portrait; The Double Adoption—a domestic sketch; Life in China, with illustrations; The Dust in the Air; Phreno-Magnetism; The Art of Engraving; Fathan C. Ely, Pres. Farmer's Club, with portrait; Capital vs Labor; S. S. Packard, with portrait, The Governors of New York; What Makes a Good Writer; the Modesty of Genius; The Swordfish, illustrated; Prayer and Phrenology etc. Price 30 cents. or $3 a year. S. R. WELIS, Publisher, 389 Broadway New York.

Great Gold Discovery.

A dispatch from Washington says: A very late letter from San Diego, California, to Hon R. C. McCormick, delegate from Arizona, contains the following paragraps: "One of the richest gold mines ever discovered was found last week in the mountains sixty miles west of here. A German named Vickars is the lucky man. The ledge is four feet wide, and as far as prospected, is estimated to be worth $25,000 per ton. The greates excitement that I ever prevails here over the discovery. Nearly everybody has left town for the mines."

We are informed, upon good authority, that a fine cow belonging to Mr. Kirkman, of Vjena, in this county, a few days since oave birth to *five calves*. The mother, with four of her calves, died shortly after this unprecedented performance, one calf being still alive at the latest accounts.—*Salem Press.*

The Flower Forget Me Not.

Mills, in his work on chivalry, mentions that the beautiful little flower "forget-me-not" was known in England as early as the time of Edward IV., and, in a note, he gives the following pretty incident in explanation of the name:

"Two lovers were loitering on the margin of a lake, on a fine summer's evening, when the lady discovered some flowers of the *Mysostis* growing on the water, close to the bank of an island, at some distance from the shore.—She expressed a desire to possess them, when her knight, in the true spirit of chivalry, plunged into the water, and, swimming to the spot, cropped the wished-for plant—but his strength was unable to fulfill the object of his achievement; and feeling that he could not regain the shore, although very near it, he threw the flowers upon the bank, and cast a last affectionate look upon his lady-love, he said *forget me not*, and was buried in the water."

Importance of a Good Corn Crop.

The last number *The* of *Cultivator and Country Gentleman*, has an article on the importance of a more general cultivation of corn. It says there are more reasons for growing corn on a larger scale, and in all parts of the country, than any other farm crop—even in those localities that are especially adapted to wheat. It says that in all wheat countries a rotation is necessary, and corn is found to be one of the most essential crops in rotation. The grain is needed for the team and stock and to help in making pork while the fodder is a great help in wintering stock. It says that while cotton may for years be the most profitable crop at the South, yet it is better policy in those States to grow home supplies, especially of corn and meats required, than to depend on selling cotton and buying those products.

Specie in the National Banks.

The national banks according to the returns made to the comptroller of currency on the 22d of January last, held $48,345,383 in specie; of this amount the banks in New York city held $36,888,-141, Boston $5,680,679, Philadelphia $1,311,705, all other national banks $4,454,858. Of the specie held in New York, $24,501,-481 was in gold, and $2,490,633 in gold checks, payable in gold. The national banks in Boston held $1,372,740 gold certificates, all other national banks $214,000 gold certificates. Total gold certificates and gold checks held by the national banks of the country, $28,278,744. Total specie, $20,-066,639. Total gold issued by the treasury of the United States and outstanding on January 1st, $40,170,300.—*Rich. Enquirer.*

The recent election in the State of New Hampshire goes to prove in its results, what a firm hold Republican principles have on the public mind. Although the enemy employed the old trick of "divide and conquer" while over 7000 votes were cast for Flevit, the *Labor Reform* candidate and more than 1000 for Barrows, "the Temperance" candidate and all mainly taken from the Republican party, for the Democrats are not given to such "ideas," yet Stearns was elected by more than 1200 majority over all other candidates and more than 9700 over Bedal, the Democratic candidate. The Republicans of the North and West are the farming and mechanical population and they are not given to change.—*Republican.*

Vermont is usually supposed to be addicted to great moral ideas, yet her people at times have a singular mode of manifesting the faith that is in them. The Woman's Righters the other day took it into their heads to hold a meeting at Burlington. They no sooner assembled than, the local paper asserts, they were "treated by the rabble, in a way that was the reverse of gentlemanly:"

"Mrs. Stone and her husband were denounced as never having been married; Mrs. Churchill was smirched with like abuse, and the whole women suffrage party denounced as free-lovers and infidels; at the same time some low fellows of the baser sort undertook to disturb the proceedings by noise and interruption.

Nor is this all:

"Mrs. Campbell reports that in the country town of North Fairfax, where she was holding a meeting, the opposition burnt cayenne pepper on the stove, and resorted to other offensive measures to disperse the audience."

Hon. Mr. Revels, Senator from Mississippi, listened with the utmost composure to the abuse of his race, and the baseless arguments of the Democratic Senators who violently and coarsely opposed his admission to a seat in the Senate. Being asked if he was disturbed by it, he answered:—"Oh no; I like it very much. *It will show the colored people of America who are their friends.*" Does he not judge correctly?—*Charleston Republican.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. M. JUSTICE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Will practice in the courts of Polk, Rutherford and Cleveland.
Any claims left with him, will be attended to with promptness and dispatch. 10-1y

COLLECTORS OFFICE.
U. S. Internal Revenue, 7th District N. C.
United States vs. One Still and Fixtures.

Notice is hereby given that I have seized a Still and Fixtures the property of R. R. Haynes a citizen of Rutherford County the same having been used in the manufacture of distilled spirits in fraud of the Internal Revenue laws of the United States.
Any person claiming an interest in said Still and fixtures, or disputing the forfeiture thereof, is hereby notified to come forward and claim the same in thirty days, and give bond, or in default thereof the said Still and fixtures will be sold as the law provides.
PINKNEY ROLLINS,
Collector 7th District N. C.

BIG MONEY made easy with our PATENT ARTICLES, KEY TAG and STENCIL TOOLS. Circulars free. F. W. DORMAN & CO. 97 W. Lombard St. Baltimore. 5-3m.

WANTED,
AGENTS MALE AND FEMALE,
To introduce the celebrated "Common-Sense Household Sewing Machines"—Price only $15. Also, the "Buckeye Shuttle"—Price $20; and the "Home Shuttle"—Price $25. Tables and Treadles—Walnut Top and Cast Iron Frame, bronzed—Price $10 each.
For Circulars to Agents, address
MAXWELL & BRADSHAW,
45-3m. Charlotte, N. C.

Revenue Notice.—This is to give notice that on the 13th day of January, one barrel of Whisky was seized by J. B. Eaves, Asst. Assessor Int. Rev. 4th Division, 7th Dist. of N. C. Said to be the property of one H. M. Miller. The owner will come forward within thirty days and show cause if any he can, why said barrel of whisky shall not be forfieted to the Government.
PINKNEY ROLLINS,
Col. Int. Rev. 7th Dist. N. C.
Feb. 2nd 1870. 3-3t.

Agents Wanted to sell the "PEN LETTER BOOK."
For Copying Letters without Press or Water.
This is the greatest time, labor and money, saving invention of the age; and none see it but to praise its simplicity and convenience, as you have only to place the written letter under the copying leaf, and to rub with the hand. An agent has but to show it properly, and it sells itself. Adapted to every kind of business. It does not play out, as the first sale is only a beginning. For particulars, address P. GARRETT & CO., Phila., Pa.

FRUIT TREES! FRUIT TREES!
$10.00 per 100, $80.00 per 1000.
I have a fine assortment of apple, peach, pear, plum, apricot, nectarine, and grape vines, &c., for Fall and Winter planting, for sale in large or small quantities cheap. Also a few choice Dahlias. The most magnificent of Autumn Flowers. New descriptive Catalogue sent to applicants FREE.
G. L. ANTHONY,
Greensboro, N. C.
P. O. Box 77. 45-3m.

THE 50th VOLUME!!
NEW SERIES! NEW FORM!!
THE PICTORIAL
Phrenological Journal,
A First Class Family Magazine,
Specially devoted to the "Science of Man," his improvement, by all the means indicated by Science.

Phrenology.—The Brain and its Functions; the Location and Natural Language of the Organs, with directions for cultivating and restraining them; and the relations subsisting between Mind and Body described.

Physiognomy, with all the "Signs of Character and How to Read them," is a special feature. Customs, Religions and Modes of Life in different

Ethnology, or The Natural History of Man.—Tribes and Nations, will be given.

Physiology and Anatomy.—The Organization, Structure and Functions of the Human Body; the Laws of Life and Health—What we should Eat and Drink. How we should be Clothed, and How to Exercise, Sleep and Live, presented in a popular manner, in accordance with Hygienic Principles.

Portaits, Sketches, and Biographies of the leading Men and Women of the World in all departments of life are special features.

Parents and Teachers.—As a guide in educating and training Children, this Magazine has no superior, as it points all the peculiarities of Character and Disposition, and renders government and classification not only possible but easy.

Much general and useful Information on the leading topics of the day is given, and no efforts are spared to make this the most interesting and instructive as well as the Best Pictorial Family Magazine ever published.

Established.—The Journal has reached its 50th Volume, and with January Number, 1870, a NEW SERIES is commenced. The form has been changed from a Quarto to the more convenient Octavo, and many improvements have been made. It has steadily increased in favor during the many years it has been published, and was never more popular than at present.

Terms.—Monthly, at $3 a year, in advance. Single numbers, 30 cents. Clubs of ten or more, $2 each, and an extra copy to agent.

We are offering the most liberal Premiums. Inclose 15 cents for a sample number, with new Pictorial Poster and Prospectus, and a complete List of Premiums.

Address S. R. WELLS, Publisher,
6-1t. 389 Broadway, New York.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE'S COLUMN

KOSKOO.

THE MOST

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY

IN

MODERN PHARMACY.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CONCENTRATED

COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

KOSKOO.

FOR THE CURE OF

OBSTINATE LONTANDING

CHRONIC DISEASES

OF TH

BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS

NERVOUS SYSTEM, &C.,

SUCH AS

Scrofula, and *all Scrofulous, Eruptive, Cutaneous, Mercurial*, and *Syphilitic* affections, *Chron-Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Old Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheums;* also, *Chronic Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Costiveness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Debility, Epilepsy, Gleet, Gravel* and all diseases arising from IMPURITIES OR POVERTY of the Blood, TORPIDITY of the Liver, DISEASES of the Kidneys or Urinary Organs, Debility of the Nervous System.

The *great superiority* of this medicine *over all others* is, that it *thoroughly eradicates all* HUMORS and TAINTS, and at the same time *changes the Stomache* and *Liver* to an *active*, HEALTHY STATE, *invigorates the Nervous System, renews vitality*, and *can be relied on as a safe, pleasant*, and *positive remedy.*

FORMULA AROUND EACH BOTTLE.

This preparation is prepared by an educated experienced, and WELL-KNOWN Physician and Chemist, who has thoroughly tested it in a large practice. It is, therefore, submitted to the public with *full confidence* that its *great merit will cause it to have a popularity* UNEQUALED *in the history of Medical Preparations.*

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE

Prepared only by
J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.
Norfolk, Va.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGIST.
July 8.6m.

Town Ordinances.

The Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton do ordain:

1. That all persons living within the incorporate limits of said town, liable by Law to work on the public roads, Be and they are hereby required to work on the streets and roads in said Town six days in each year, or forfeit and pay to the Mayor 75 cents for each day that they may fail so to work, to be sued for and recovered as other taxes and fines are: Provided, that in the discretion of the Mayor, such work may be rendered by substitute.
2. That any person or persons who shall engage in any fight, riote, or unlawful assemblys, or who shall be guilty of unbecoming conduct or make use of unbecoming language or shall curse or swear, or loud talk to the annoyance of the citizens of said Town, shall be fined at the discretion of the Mayor not to exceed twenty five dollars.
3. That if any person shall discharge any fire-arms, except in cases of actual necessity, or by permission of the Mayor within the following boundries, viz commencing, at the Blacksmith shop on the Hickory nut road, then a straight line to the west side of A. H. Roberts' lot, then a straight line to the Twitty's lord road, 100 yards west of Mrs. Corbett's, then a straight line to the bridge south of J. M. Justices residence, then with said branch 50 yards east, then a straight line to the ford of Ginghorns Creek, near the Mineral Spring, then with said creek to a point opposite the Male Academy, then to the beginning, shall pay a fine of $1 for each offence.
4. That any person or persons, who shall engage in driving, racing or running horses through the streets, at such speed as to endanger life or property, shall be at the discretion of the Mayor not to exceed five dollars.
5. That if any person or persons shall allow his or their horses, mules or other dangerous animals to run at large through the streets, (drivers excepted) shall be fined one dollar for each such offence.
6. That any person or persons who shall obstruct any public street or sidewalk by placing thereon, any wood, timber or other thing, and allowing the same to remain more than twenty-four hours shall pay a fine of one dollar for each day such obstruction shall remain.
7. That any grocer, bar-keeper or other person engaged in the sale of spirituous liquors, shall sell or give away, any spirituous or malt liquors on the Sabbath day shall pay a fine of one dollar for each such offence.
8. That any person who shall ride or ride any horse or other animal upon any sidewalk in said Town or any shade tree on the public square, shall pay for each offence one dollar.
9. That all persons residing within the limits of said town be and they are hereby required to return to the Mayor, on or before the 1st day of April, a full and complete list of all subjects of taxation under the ordinances, and upon failure to list the same shall be liable to pay a double tax.
10. That in default of the payment of any fine due for the violation of any of the Town Ordinances, the person or persons so defaulting may be imprisoned not more than thirty days, at the discretion of of the Mayor. Provided, that they may be released at any time upon payment of the fine and costs.
11. That any person or persons, who shall retail spirituous Liquors within said incorporation, except those who obtain a regular license shall pay a fine of twenty five dollars for each offence, one half recovered to go to the informer.
12. That these ordinances shall go into effect, ten days from date of publication.
14. That all persons having claims due them from the Town of Rutherfordton, be and they are hereby required, to present the same duly authenticated, before the Commissioners of said Town to be audited and passed upon, before such claim shall be paid.
14. That the regular meeting of the Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton, shall be on the first Thursday in each month.
15. That for the purpose of raising sufficient revenue to defray the necessary expenses and for making repairs in said Town, the the following tax be levied, and collected on the subjects of taxation mentioned below, viz:

Real and Personal Property (subject to exemption of two hundred dollars of household and kitchen furniture)—25 cents on the $100.

Lawyers	$5.00
Physicians	5.00
Circus and Menagerie	25.00
Side Shows	10.00
Slight of hand Performers	10.00
Magic Lantern, Lectures, or other exhibitions for pay	5.00
Itinerant Auctioneers	5.00
Silversmiths and Jewelers	2 50
Itenerant, " "	5.00
Dentists	5.00
Retailors of Spiritous Liquors	75.00
Dry Good Stores	6.00
Daguerrean or Photographic Artist	5.00
Tailor Shops	2.00
Blacksmith Shops	2.00
Wagon and Carriage Shops	3.00
Cabinet Shops	3.00
Printing Offices	5.00
Insurance Agents, Life or Fire	5.00
Tan Yards	3.00
Hotels	5.00
Private Boarding Houses	3.00
Boot and Shoe Shops	2.00
Harness and Saddle Shops	2.00
Tin Shops	2.50
Every Dog, over 6 months old	.25
Eveay Hog over 3 months old	10
Every Itenerent retail dealer in Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Guns, Tobacco, or Tin Ware, not the growth or manufacture of Rutherford County	5.00
Clerk of Superior Court	3.00
Register of Deeds	2.00
County Treasurer	2.00

16. All persons liable for Special Tax, shall only be required to pay a proportion equal to the whole amount for the year, from the time of the commencement thereof.
17. That these ordinances are published and declared this 15 day of February 1870.

J. B. CARPENTER, Mayor.

The Bee-Keepers' Journal

and National Agriculturist for January, contains many interesting and valuable articles illustrated with appropriate engravings, in its five departments of "Bee-Keeping," "Agriculture," "Home and Fireside," "Ladies' and Youth's Department." The articles "The New Honey Extractor," "The New York Poultry Show," "The Australian Bee-Hunter," each illustrated by a beautiful engraving, and the method of fertilizing Italian Queen in confinement by any drone desired, are especially interesting. On the front page is a fine portrait of Mrs. Ellen S. Tupper, America's most distinguished lady writer on bee-culture, and one of the editors of this Journal. The February number will contain the portrait of Francis Huber, the celebrated pioneer bee-keeper of Europe, to be followed by the portraits of Dzierzon, Berlepsch, and all the leading apiarians of Europe and America. This is a new feature following other improvements made since the removal and consolidation, and yet the publishers furnish the Journal at $1.00 a year One sample copy sent Free. Address

H. A. KING & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.

☞ We will send the "New York Bee-Journal and National Agriculturist" The Star, both one year for $2.50. To secure this liberal offer you must address this office with the Cash.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given to all persons indebted to Miller, Eaves & Co., and to W. H. Miller, & Co., that unless their accounts are settled before March Court, that the accounts and notes will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

W. H. MILLER, & CO.
No. 5. t-c.

THE STAR

RUTHERFORDTON N. C.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

LOCAL AND STATE.

Agents.

The following persons are authorised and requested to receive subscriptions, Job work and advertising for the Star.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., New York.
S. M. Pettengill & Co., New York.
C. C. Vest, Murphy, N. C.; Andrew Sulleys Spruce Pine, N. C.; Jas. Duncan, Marion, N. C; J. F. Logan, Jefferson, N. C.; N. B. Hampton Columbus, N. C.; W. A. McCall, North Cove, N. C P. D Gregg, Gardner's Ford, N. C.; I. O. Bridge Shelby, N.C.; Henry Barnett, Mooresboro, N. C. Jt E. McFarland, Duncan's Creek, N. C.; Smith Mc Curry, Golden Valley, N. C.; R. K. Wilson, Patt on Home, N. C.; M B. Freeman, Logan's Store, N. C. A V. Biggerstaff, Oak Spring, N. C.; J. C. Keeter Cuba, N. C.; W. B. Wilson, Chimney Rock, N. C. Rev. W. H. Logan, Bills Creek, N. C. Wm. Lahoon, Jefferson, Ashe Co, N. C.; Walker, Evans & Cogswell, Charleston, S. C. W. L. Rogers, Gans. Landing, Ark.

No Mail.—We have had no mail this week, consequently our subscribers will have to pardon the news department.

"It never rains but pours," the above quotation has been verified the past few days. Look out fences and old bridges.

That young man that was feeling upward for the ground the other night, is better they say. No names called.

Mr. Mayor: The ladies on second broad street say, if you do not repair said street, that you must and will be impeached. So mote it be.

The young gentleman that told us yesterday, that he had lost his appetite, surely must have been mistaken. From his corpulent appearance and red nose, we think he still has his thirst—at least.

Both of the editors of the Star, being Lawyers, they have turned the paper over to the Devil this week,—if the Patrons chance to find something that does not meet their approbation, they must charge the above named gentleman with the fault and not the editors.

There are some things that we don't like to see, we don't like to see a man, with his pocket full of "stamps," sit down on a log of wood, and eat cold bread and cheese, and twist his head about like a choked chicken, when there is a Hotel in Town. But, ah! they say there is no Hotel,—well there should be.

Politeness in church is a sign of good breeding. Spitting on the hot stove, and whispering to the annoyance of the listeners, is not considered Politeness, by Ye Local. If what we saw and heard on Monday and Tuesday nights last, is repeated, they shall hear from us again. "A hint to the wise, &c."

Just making One Doubling for Snake Bites.—One of our friends in the country, was caught some time ago, making whiskey without the license required by law, for carrying on such business; his excuse was that he was just making a "little for snake bites, for his neighbors." Stand aside! Call another witness Mr. Sheriff.

Gardening.—Every person that has a foot of ground at their command should plant therein, some kind of seed, remember that it is impossible for us to raise too much, while we may have more than we can consume, there is neighbor A, B. and C., who have large families, and have no fences to inclose their lots, and are not able to buy the requisite lumber, nor seeds to plant.

Our country friends want to know if our Merchants are not going to get a Spring Stock of Goods this year.

The trouble is they do not see them advertised, and they are thinking of going to Charlotte or Spartanburg, to get their Spring and Summer supplies.

Well, we can't help it! we suppose you have the goods—but you don't want us to tell it.

It has only been our good fortune to visit the court room once this week. And while we were there some one made a little disturbance in the pass way, and we not thinking what was the matter, looked around and saw the Judge coming; and presently the Sheriff cried out at the top of his voice: "Stand aside gentleman and let His Honor pass." We were found stepping back of course.

Protracted Court.

We have often heard of religious Protracted Meetings, but it is the first Protracted Court that we remember to have witnessed since the days of Jeff. We should'nt wonder if it was not that old rebellious spirit of Jeff. that caused this three weeks Court. We regret very much to see law-abiding citizens drawn up here as witnesses, who would a great sight rather be sowing oats, or preparing their fields for other seeds.

Let us hope to hear no more of the Ku Klux.

As Thurlow Weed purposes to tell "what became of Morgan," an exchange suggests that, while he is in that line, he should also inform us "who struck Billy Patterson."

Wonder if Mr. Weed could'nt tell us who "butted the male cow off of the bridge?"

Hon. C. S. Winstead's nomination to the collectorship of the fifth Revenue District of North Carolina, has been confirmed by the Senate, and as he is now absent from the General Assembly, will we suppose, shortly enter upon his new duties.

Emphatically the right man, in the right place.

Radical Party Divisions.

"The Republicans of North Carolina are making desperate efforts to reorganize their shattered ranks."—*Wil. Journal.*

How sad! What a picture!! How badly the *Journal* must feel about it; but we will inform that paper that at last accounts the "desperate efforts" were meeting with remarkable success, and such is the confidence of the party in its great principles that it is *not* looking to a *new party* for salvation. We leave the new party movement to the democrats.—*Times.*

Greenbacks at a Premium.

Tuesday, Mr. A. G. Eubank, auctioneer, wishing to determine the exact status of greenbacks as compared to specie, offered seven dollars in greenbacks for sale at auction, payable in specie. Bidding was lively and the greenbacks were struck off at a *premium* of ten cents, by two bidders, Mr. R. E. Stanly and Deputy Sheriff Geo. E. Tinker. The money will be divided between them.

We hope nobody will offer us any silver for subscriptions—unless they expect us to take it.—*Times.*

Mr. *Times*, when you "quit taking in," send them this way, our "pot" is not full enough to "plant."

The Talladega *Sun* calls itself "a fountain of living waters." Seeing that the *Sun* beams pure National Republican doctrines, we are willing it have some of its spray on the *Post:* So are we willing for it to reflect on the Star:

"But a short time since the banner cry of Democracy was "Repudiation." The welkin rang from one end of the country to the other, with democratic howls of wrath against "bloated bondholders," and "incompetent Grant," etc.

The currency is now being redeemed, the people are prospering and happy, and those wrathful airs have given place to gentler murmurings, yet each ending with the spirit, if not the words of the complaining parodist:

> 'I never had a piece of bread
> Particularly wide—
> But when it fell it hit the floor
> Upon the buttered side!'

A Natural Curiosity.

The Abingdon *Virginian* of yesterday has the following account of a "natural curiosity," the parents of which reside at Marion, Va. The *Virginian* says:

"We saw at Glade Spring depot, a few days ago, what might be termed a natural curiosity—a girl, four years old, having a moustache and whiskers, the hair upon the forehead extending to the eye-brows, and a very heavy head of hair exceedingly black extending below the shoulders. The child is quite sprightly, with fully developed limbs and well formed body. The arms, shoulders and back, if not the whole body, covered with soft downy hair."

MARRIED.

In Polk county, on the 22nd of March, Mr. Wm. Hester, to Miss Nancy Henderson, all of Polk.

In this county, on Thursday 24th ult., Mr. J. H. Blanton, to Miss A. E. Henry, all of this county.

WORKINGMEN'S ADDRESS.

Opening the Campaign Against the National Banks—The Foreshadowing of a New Party Platform—Kicking Out the Politicians and Bankers—Nothing but the Nation's Money as a Circulating Medium.

The National Labor Union's address to the people of the United States sets out with the assertion that the legislature of the whole country is in the hands of a single class—lawyers—and under the supreme control of bankers, moneyed men, and professional politicians, to the almost entire exclusion of the productive classes, who are the real sources of all our wealth. The authors of the address have no hope in party politicians. They have been tried and found wanting. After one hundred years of their administration we find ourselves in posession of a national debt of $2,000,000; State and local debts of equal amount; the public domain largely wasted; much of the most fertile land in the country in the hands of railroad companies and other monopolies; statesmen, editors, financiers, and politicians clamering for return to a specie basis, a symptom which is self destructive, and has produced universal commercial disaster every ten years, thus demonstrating its utter incompetency; a moneyed aristocracy; disorganized labor; a blasted commerce; a land full of murder, suicide, prostitution, arson, robbery, poverty, public corruption, private vice, and intemperance; a divided interest, and a divided people! All these and more we find, and therefore demand a surrender of the powers so long abused. In making this demand, we have no compromises to offer or accept. We mean no bargain and sale of our high trusts or the people's interest for the benefit of any party.

THE NATIONAL BANK CONSPIRACY.

It is undeniably true that if the Government had issued $300,000,000 greenbacks in lieu of the bonds deposited to secure the redemption of the bank currency, it would have have saved every dollar of the interest on them except the one per cent. tax on the circulation, and at the same time it would have furnished the people with a better currency. The bankers, not satisfied with this enormous bonus, have the effrontery to demand the withdrawal of the greenbacks now in circulation, and the substitution of their own currency. If successful, we shall soon have as $1,000,000,000 of currency in circulation; and then, when the profits arising from furnishing the currency go into the vaults of the banks and pockets of the usurers, we shall hear nothing more about inflation until the next breakdown.

THE WORKINGMEN'S CURRENCY.

We are in favor of discharging that portion of the debt heretofore contracted, which is by the law authorizing its creation made payable in gold, in that commodity, and of liquidating it at the earliest practical moment; but we insist that all other forms of indebtedness, including the five twenty bonds shall be paid at the earliest option of the Government in the legal tender paper currency or lawful money of the Government; that the bank currency and the present legal tenders (greenbacks) shall be withdrawn from circulation, and there shall be issued in lieu thereof, as the exclusive circulating medium of the nation, paper currency made a legal tender in the payment of all debts, public and private, duties on imports included, and declared the lawful money of the United States, and convertible at the pleasure of the holder into Government bonds bearing an interest of three per cent. per annum, payable in lawful money. The bonds to be likewise convertible into this lawful money at the option of the holder.

A SQUARE DEAL FOR LABOR.

Such a currency, being under the control of the people, they will be enabled to prevent the high and fluctuating rates of interest and the violent expansions and contractions of the currency which have caused the monetary crisis and commercial revulsions which have heretofore so frequently prostrated all legitimate enterprise and productive industry, deranged commerce, lowered the standard of commercial integrity, and made us little less than a nation of gamblers. It will likewise enable us to elect the equitiable distribution of the products of industry and enterprise between capital and labor, thus removing the necessity for the excessive toil which is now over-taxing the mental energies and physical powers of the producing classes, and afford the time and means requisite for social enjoyment, intellectual culture, and moral improvement.

WHO PAYS THE INTEREST.

All interest paid for the use of money—national, State, county or town bonds, railroad, manufacturing, and all other corporation bonds, bank dividends, or for any purpose whatever—must in the end be borne by labor, and is as much a charge on labor as the taxes paid for the support of the Government. When the rate exceeds the aggregate rate of increase in the natioal wealth, the inevitable results is to centralize the wealth property in the hands of the few non-producers, and to impoverish and degrade the wealth producing classes. The Government is bound to institute money so that it shall distribute products to non-producing cipital and productive industry according to the service or labor performed in their production. Therefore, all interest paid beyond such just rate as will effect the equitable distribution of products and property between capital and labor is a legalized fraud on the producing classes.

THE STRUGGLE FOR THE MASTERY.

Our monetary laws, unlike our Government, are founded on the aristocratic principle that the few should rule the many. The many toil for the few. Their history, from the foundation of the Republic, is one of repeated wrongs and usurpations, all having a direct tendency to the subversion of democratic republican institutions, and the establishment of a moneyed aristocracy to rule over and despoil the producing classes of their substance. After gaining our political independence, we unfortunately, engrafted into our system ideas of money derived from the aristocratic Governments of Europe, and ever since this moneyed aristocracy has been striving for the mastery of the Government and people. The breaking out of the rebellion afforded the occasion for the full exhibition of the insatiable avarice of the money autocrats. Having, though unwise and vicious legislation, to a great extent control of the money interest of the nation, they seized with avidity this oppotunity to render their power over the Government and people absolute. Their first act made it manifest that they did not intend to share with the patriotic industrial classes the burdens and sacrifices neccessary for the preservation of the Government, but to enrich themselves at the expense of the people.

REMEDY FOR EXISTING EVILS.

The address, remarking that it is the cheap capital rather than the cheap labor of Europe that our manufacturers need protection against, proposes that the nation shall extinguish the debt, and then supply its own money, without interest, for the people. The address is signed by R. F. Trevellick, A. T. Cabis, C. Kuhum, and others, officers of the National Labor Union.

Mr. J. McDeary Brown, who rumor says, is to succeed Hon. Anson Burtingame as Minister Plenipotentiary from China to the Western Powers, is of Scotch decent, and went out to China about nine years ago as student interpreter in the British Consular service. His pay then was $1,000 per annum. After studying Chinese for some years, he was appointed interpreter to the British Legation at Pekin, whence he came to undertake his present post at a salary of $6,0000. If he is appointed in Mr. Burlingame's stead, he will receive no less than $60,000 yearly.—*Washington Chronicle*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

Welch & Griffiths,

SAWS! AXES!! SAWS!!!

Saws of all descriptions. Axes, Belting and Mill Furnishings. Circular Saws with Solid Teeth, or with Patent Adjustable Points, Superior to all Inserted Teeth Saws.

Price Reduced.

☞ Send for Price List and Circulars.

WELCH & GRIFFITHS.
Boston, Mass., or Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., PITTSBURG, PA., BOSTON, MASS., or ST. LOUIS MO.

CAUTION.—Beware of all Agents selling Machines under the same name as ours, unless they can show a Certificate of agency signed by us. We shall not hold ourselves responsible for worthless Machines sold by other parties, and shall prosecute all parties either selling or using Machines under this name to the full extent of the law, unless such Machines were obtained from us or our Agents. Do not be imposed upon by parties who copy our advertisement and circulars and offer worthless Machines at a less price.

For sale by all dealers in
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

The DOLLAR Sun.
CHAS. A. DANA, EDITOR.
The cheapest, smartest, and best New York newspaper. Everybody likes it. Three editions: DAILY, $65; SEMI-WEEKLY, $2; and WEEKLY, $1 a year. All the News at half price. Full reports of markets, agriculture, Farmers' and Fruit Growers' Clubs, and a complete story in every Weekly and Semi-Weekly number. A present of valuable plants and vines to every subscriber; inducements to canvassers unsurpassed. $1,000 Life Insurances, Grand Pianos, Mowing Machines, Parlor Organs, Sewing Machines, &c., among the premiums. Specimens and lists free. Send a Dollar and try it.
L. W. ENGLAND, Publisher Sun, New York.

The Purest, Best and Cheapest
Estab'h 1806. COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK. LAUNDRY SOAPS.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

AGENTS WANTED to sell the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE, the only practical Family Knitting Machine ever invented. Price $25. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

AWAY WITH Uncomfortable Trusses.—Comfort and Cure for the Ruptured. Sent post paid on receipt of 10 cent. address Dr. E. B. Foote, No 120 Lexington ave., New York.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.
WITHOUT Spectacles, Doctor or Medicine. Sent post paid, on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, Author of Medical Common Sense, No. 120 Lexington Ave, cor., East 28th St., N Y.

Agents! Read This!
We will pay Agents a Salary of $30 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich.

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."—FRANKLIN.
WHY will people pay $50 or more for a Sewing Machine when $22 will buy one that has a *standard* reputation, is double thread, complete with Table, constructed upon entirely new and practical principles, runs by friction, & excels all others? These celebrated Machines, *fully licensed*, are intended for poor people who want to save time, labor and money. *Agents wanted.* Machines sent to Agents and *given away* to needy families. For circulars and reduced prices, address J. G. OTTIS & CO., or Franklin and Diamond S. M. Co., Box 397 Biston, Mass.

BRIDE and Bridegroom.—Essays for Young Men, free, in sealed envelopes. HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo., of Union-wide reputation, treats all venereal diseases; also, seminal emissions, impotency, &c., the result of self-abusr. Send 2- stamps for sealed pamphlet 50pp. No matter who failed, state case.—Consultation free.

Psychomancy, Fascination or Soul-Charming.—400 pages; cloth. This wonderful book has full instructions to enable the reader to fascinate either sex, or any animal, at will. Mesmerism, Spiritualism, and hundreds of other curious experiments. It can be obtained by sending address, with postage, to T. W. EVANS & CO., No 41 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

DR. C. W. MILLARD'S
FEMALE SILVER PILS.
An unfailing remover of obstructions, and ocertain regulator of the monthly turn. *Invaluable, Harmless and Trustworthy.* Sent free by mail to any address on receipt of One Dollar.
P. O. BOX 3620, New York City

MOUSTACHES forced to grow in SIX weeks Receipt sent for 50 cts. Address H. HIGGARDS, Box 3986, New York P. O.

GOOD BOOKS FOR ALL.

"Books which are Books."

Here is a list of such Works as should be found in every Library—within the reach of every reader—Works to entertain, instruct and improve the mind. Copies will be sent by return post, on receipt of price.

New Physiognomy; or, Signs of Character, as manifested through Temperament and External Forms, and especially in the "Human Face Divine." With more than One Thousand Illustrations. By S. R. Wells. Price, in one 12mo volume, 768 pp., handsomely bound, $5.

Man, in Genesis and in Geology; or, the Biblical Account of Man's Creation, tested by Scientific Theories of his Origin and Antiquity. By Joseph P. Thompson, D. D., LL.D. One vol., 12mo. $1.

Wedlock; or, the Right Relations of Sexe cies Disclosing the Laws of Conjugal may on, and showing who may and who not Marry. For both Sexes. By S. R. Wells. $1.50

How to Read Character. A New Illustrated Handbook of Phrenology and Physiognomy, for Students and Examiners, with a Chart for recording the sizes of the different Organs of the Brain, in the delineation of Character, with upwards of 170 Engravings. Muslin, $1.25.

Education: Its elementary Principles founded on the Nature of Man. By J. G. Spurzheim, M. D. With an Appendix, containing the Temperaments, and a Brief Analysis of the Faculties. Illustrated. $1.50.

Family Physician. A Ready Prescriber and Hygienic Advisor. With Reference to the Nature, Causes, Prevention, and Treatment of Diseases, Accidents, and casualties of every kind. With a Glossary and copious Index. By Joel Shew, M. D. Muslin, $1.

Food and Diet. With observations on the Dietetical Regimen, suited for Disordered States of the Digestive Organs, and an account of the Dietaries of some of the Principal Metropolitan and other Establishments for Paupers, Lunatics, Criminals, Children, the Sick, etc. By Jonathan Pereira, M. D., F. R. S., and L. S. Edited by Charles A. Lee, M. D. $1.75.

Hand-Book for Home Improvement; comprising "How to Write," How to Talk," "How to Behave," and "How to do Business," in one vol. $2.25.

Constitution of Man. Considered in Relation to External Objects. By George Combe. The only authorized American Edition. With Twenty Engravings, and a Portrait of the Author. Muslin, $1.75.

Moral Philosophy. By George Combe. on the Duties of Man considered in his Individual Domestic and Social Capacities. Reprinted from the Edinburgh Edition. With the Author's latest corrections. $1.75.

Mental Science. Lectures on, according to the Philosophy of Phrenology. Delivered before the Anthropological Society. By Rev. O. S. Weaver, $1.50

Management of Infancy Physiological and Moral Treatment. By Andrew Combe, M. D. A Book for Mothers. Muslin, $1.50.

Bonny. An Illustrated Poem. By Anna Chambers Ketchum. Published in the elegant style of Enoch Arden. A beautiful present, $1.50.

Æsop's Fables. The People's Pictorial Edition. Beautifully Illustrated with nearly Sixty Engravings. Cloth, gilt, beveled boards. Only $1.

Pope's Essay on Man. With Notes. Beautifully Illustrated. Cloth, gilt, beveled boards, $1.

Natural Laws of Man. A Philosophical Catechism. By J. G. Spurzheim, M. D. Muslin, 75 cents.

Fruit Culture for the Million. A Hand-book; Being a Guide to the Cultivat on and Management of Fruit Trees. Descriptions of the Best Varieties. $1.

Inclose the amount in a Registered Letter, or in a P. O. Order, for one or for all the above, and address S. R. WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York. Agents Wanted. Feb. 1870. 5-1m.

To Wholesale Dealers.

E. M. HOLT & CO.

offer the manufactures of their several mills at the Factory Prices, delivered in Charlotte,

YARNS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
TICKS,
AND THE WELL-KNOWN
ALAMANCE PLAIDS.

TO PLANTERS.

WE RUN TWO LARGE FLOURING MILLS AND ARE AGENTS FOR

OTHERS,

Our Mills Will Consume

1500 BUSHELS

OF

WHEAT PER DAY,

which we intend to buy in the Charlotte market. Don't sell your wheat before seeing us.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OFFER TO THE TRADE

2300

SACKS LIVERPOOL SALT.

75 SACKS

BLOWN SALT, FINE IN FOUR BUSHEL BAGS.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES.

The Largest Stock in the State.

"ALL NATURE HOPES FOR SPRING."

1870.

Witkowsky & Rintles.

THE RESULT OF AN ESTABLISHED and successful business, together with a steadily increasing CAPITAL, gives us, every season, better facilities to offer greater inducements to our numerous customers, both WHOLESALE and RETAIL, and hence this notice is worthy the

Attention

Of all. We are now making extensive purchases, which, owing to the very large increase in our business—during 1869, (the tax returns will show $27,000,00 amount of any house in the City, and figures are stubborn facts,) enables us to buy with impunity as to quantity, and from first hand—namely, Manufacturers, Importers and Commission Houses, thereby, saving from 10 to 25 per cent. over smaller buyers—and it is this advantage that gives us the lead in this market.

Our Stock

Will be completed or nearly so, by the 10th of March, and will embrace all classes of Goods necessary, either for WHOLESALE or RETAIL, to the inspection of which we invite not only those coming of this Market to purchase, also those on their way to oth rplaces for that purpose.

We offer no bait s, business will be conducted, in the future, as in the past, viz:

Honorable Competition against Imposition

Dry Goods Department

Will be complete, and selected with the greates of care, as to style, quality and price.

Clothing Department.

We make a speciality and invite the most fastidious to call and examine,

Boots and Shoes.

Will be bought mostly from manufacturers, in Boston and elsewhere, and we claim to be able to compete with all.

Hats.

Will be purchased at the BROOKLYN AUCTIONS and of NEWARK MANUFACTURERS.

Hardware.

Especially Table and Pocket Cutlery, we buy for Gold, from the Importers

Groceries--there comes the rub.

That line of Goods we buy quantities second to no House in this City, (their assertion to the contrary, notwithstanding) and at as low figures as a dollar, consisting of 100 cents, can buy. In short, come and look at our stock, ascertain our prices, and judge for yourselves.

Millinery Department.

Is complete as usual, and is presided over by Miss BETSY WILLIAMS, who is widely known for her superior taste in that line.

Respectfully,
Witkowsky & Rintles.
Charlotte, N. C.
No. 6 tf.
Vindicator please copy.

J. G. HARRIS. R. H. PHARR.

HARRIS & PHARR

AT OLD CHINA HALL,

Between First National Bank and Tate & Dewey's Banking House,
Charlotte, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, WILLOW and PLATED-WARE.

We are in receipt of the largest, and most select stock ever brought to this market which we offer, wholesale or retail, at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. We will pay special attention to the

Wholesale Trade.

We can supply the trade at New York Jobbing prices, freight added.

Harris & Pharr.
Old China Hall, betwee the Bank
No. 7-6m.

HARDWARE STORE OF BREM, BROWN & CO.
Charlotte, N. C.

We have now in Store for the Wholesale and Retail Trade,
500 pr. Trace Chains,
200 doz. Pocket Knife,
400 " Table Spoons,
75 " Co'on Cards
75 " Pad Locks, (of 4 Differ kinds.)
2500 lbs. Plow Iron, Plow Steel Swede Iron, &c.
100 Gro. Buckles,
5000 lbs. Cast, Blister, German & Spring Steel.
1000 Gro. Screws, from ¾ to up.
150 doz. Butt Hinges, (all kinds.)
75 " Spades, Shovels, Forks, &c.
600 Yds. Enameled cloth, including MUSLIN, DRILL, BROWN PATENT DRILL, DUCK MOLESKIN, &C., &C.
ENAMELLED LEATAER, PATENT LEATHER, BUCKRAM, CARRIAGE LININGS, LACES, TAPES FRINGES, LINING NAILS GIMP TACKS, &C., &C.

AXES WARRANTED.

HOES, MTATOCKS, GRASS, GRAIN and Briar Scythes.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS, including 3 Iowa Anvils, Vices, Screw Plates, Hammers, &c., together with a large assortment o

Carpenters' Tools, Gunsmiths' Material, Cabinet and Builders, Tanners' Tools, &c Hardware,

BREM, BROWN & CO.
Charlotte, N. C.

J. HENDERSON WEDDINGTON, having lately been admitted as a copartner in the above firm, would be pleased to see his old friends and custo mers. No. 5 3-t

SALT! SALT!! SALT!!!

A LARGE supply of best Liverpool Salt for sale very low at
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

CONFECTIONERIES.

CANDIES, nuts, jellies, pickles, crackers &c. For sale by
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

A Domestic Scene in 1880.

Dear husband this is voting day,
I must be early at the polls;
You will stay with the children, dear,
Bless their darling little souls.

We vote for Congressmen to day,
Our candidate, Miss Anna D——,
We must elect, by hook or crook,
'Tis essential to our liberty.

I want an X or two, my dear,
To treat the voters of our ward;
It must be done, says Biddy Shane,
It must be done, says Pat McCord.

We vote for Governor to-day,
Our candidate is Susan B——,
The brightest light that shines
In east or west, on land or sea.

We vote for Aldermen, my love,
For Lady Mayor, too, my dear:
With sturdy dames on the police,
We'll bid farewell to every fear.

The polls will close at four, my dear,
But you may look for me at three,
Eternal vigilance, my dear
Is the price of our liberty.

Don't let the children cry, my dear,
I shall be home at early three,
This will give you an hour to vote,
Which is full time enough, you see.

Let Us be More Sociable.

In order to increase the sum of human happiness we should cultivate kind and fraternal feelings one with another. A true life consists in something else than simply accumulating property. We do not and cannot 'live by bread alone.' A writer in the Journal of Agriculture discourses on this subject most beautifully as follows:

The sole object and aim of too many individuals seems to be to get gain, 'grab all,' let the consequences be what they may to others. The desire to accumulate wealth, regardless of the comfort and social happiness of our neighbors and the interchange of friendly sentiments, should be ignored. On the other hand, we should so live and act that the generous impulses of our own hearts would prompt us to extend the hand of fellowship to all our neighbors and honestly looking them squarely in the eye, feel that glorious inward consciousness that we had never wronged them in thought, word or deed. Then, too, let words of kindness be spoken; let little deeds of love be done; let the principles of the golden rule be exemplified in our daily lives; let us be more sociable, and cultivate convivial qualities by frequent interchanges of friendly greetings at social gatherings; let no aristocracy be acknowledged, save that of the intellect; let us beautify our homes; let us make them what they should be by cherishing a love for the beautiful, so that

Blessings may attend us forever,
And whatever we pray for or do;
May our lives be one grand endeavor
To type the pure, the good, and the true!

A Visible Legal Point.

A rural lawyer whom we shall call Squire Jovial, had once an important case in a country court, and the decision depend entirely on the way the jury would regard the testimony of one lady. He lost the case because the fair witness swore positively to an occurrence which she had witnessed at the distance of several rods, although there were several persons who stood much nearer than her that saw nothing whatever of it. The old Squire looked rather blue when the jury brought in their verdict, but revenged himself by rising and telling the court a story of a lady he once knew, who was very near-sighted, but always declared her eyesight to be excellent. Accordingly one day a neighbor stuck a darning needle in the side of a barn, and placing her on the opposite side of the road, asked her if she could see it. 'Oh, yes,' replied the lady, 'I can see the needle easy, but where's the barn.'

When Mark Twain was in the Holy Land, the monks showed him the "tomb of Adam," which evoked the following gush from that super-sensitive nature: "The tomb of Adam! How touching it was, here in a land of strangers, far away from home and friends, and all who cared for me, thus to discover the grave of a blood relation. True, a distant one, but still a relation. The unerring instinct of nature thrilled its recognition. The fountain of my filial affection was stirred to its profoundest depths, and I gave way to tumultous emotion. I leaned upon a pillar and burst into tears. I deem it no shame to have wept over the grave of my poor dead relative. Let him who would sneer at my emotion close this volume here, for he will find little to his taste in my journeyings through the Holy Land. Noble old man! He did not live to see me—he did not live to see his child. And I—I—alas! I did not live to see him. Weighed down by sorrow and disappointment, he died before I was born—six thousand and brief summers before I was born.

ITEMS BY SCISSORS.

How to please a lady—let her do as she pleases.

'O, yes.' 'Wel!, can you speak China? 'Yes,a little,that is, I speak broken China.'

Dickens,in speaking of pawnbrokers' duplicates, says they are the turnpike tickets on the road to poverty.

Why are the ends of the French Emperor's mustache like good measure? Because they are imperial points.

A country girl, speaking of a dance, she had attended, said: "The dancin' was nothin,' but the huggin,' was heavenly."

"Mike, they tell me you've got a twin brother." "Yis so 'tis. Me brother Pat is twin to meself, only he's born in Ireland and me in Ameriky.

"Can you tell me how old the devil is?" asked an irreverent fellow of a clergyman. "My friend, you must keep your own family record," was the reply.

A lady wished a seat. A portly, handsome gentleman brought one and seated the lady. 'Oh! what a jewel,' said the lady. 'Oh! no,' he replied 'I am a jeweler; I have just set the jewel.'

Women are said to have stronger attachments than men. It is evinced in little things. A man is often attached to an old hat,but did you ever know of a woman having an attachment for an old bonnet?

Dentists are 'coming the gum game,' as usual. Blacksmiths are more or less given to vice Carpenters will chisel when they get a chance—often, too, they are bores, and annoy us with their old saws.

A young lady in Kingstown has a hip out of joint, for indulging in a little circus with some other girls before going to bed. In turning a handspring her leg struck a washbowl or something with the above result.

A Southern editor is bitterly opposed to the education of women as surgeons. Suppose, he says, a gentleman we put under the influence of cloroform by such a doctress—what is to prevent the woman from kissing him?

San Francisco schools are simply matrimonial markets.—Of sixteen teachers in one school, employed within five years, thirteen have been married. The other three were already wives when they entered the school.

'Biddy,' said a lady to her servant, 'I wish you would step over and see how old Mrs. Jones is this morning.' In a few minutes Biddy returned with the information that Mrs. Jones was seventy-two years, seven months and two days old.

A lady who did not know whether her plantation was in Virginia or North Carolina, found, when the line was run that she was a resident of Virginia. 'Well,' she said, 'I am glad I don't live in North Carolina;it was always such a sickly State.'

Curran was pleading the cause of a certain Miss Tickle. The judge was a bit of a wag, and Curran opened the case with: 'Tickle, my client, the: defendant, my lord.' The; judge interupted him with: 'Tickle her yourself, Curran s you are as well able to do it as I am.

A schoolmaster in Virginia attempted to flog a negro girl in school, but she and her sister showed fight and thrashed the teacher unmercifully, after which the teacher said to the girls. 'Now let us all keep silent about this, for if it should get out, it might injure your character.'

A Bickering pair of Quakers were lately heard in controversy, the husband exclaiming: 'I am determined to have one quiet week with thee!'

'But how wilt thou be able to get it' said the taunting spouse, in that sort of reiteration which married ladies so provokingly indulge in.

I will keep thee a week after thou art dead,was the Quaker's rejoinder.

An Old Story.

It is said that, at one time, when Lorenzo, Dow preached under a large spruce pine in, South Carolina, he announced another appointment for preaching in the same place, on that day twelve months. The year passed, and as Lorenzo was entering the neighborhood, the evening preceding his appointment, he overtook a colored boy who was blowing a long tin horn and could send out a blast with rise, and swell and cadence which waked the echoes of the distant hills.

Calling aside the blower, Dow said to him:

"What is your name, sir?"

"My name? Gaberiel, sir!" replied the brother in ebony.

"Well, Gaberiel, have you been to Church-Hill?"

"Yes, massa, I'se been dar many a time."

"Do you remembe a big spruce pine on that hill

"O yes, massa, I knows dat pine,"

"Did you know that Lorenzo Dow had an appointment to preach under that tree to-morrow?'

"O yes massa, everybody knows dat."

"Well,Gaberiel I am Lorenzo Dow, and if you'll take your horn and go to-morrow morning and climb into that pine tree and hide among the branches before the people begin to gather, and wait there till I call you by your name, and then blow such a blast with your horn as I heard you blow a minute ago. I'll give you a dollar. Will you do it Gabriel?"

"Yes massa, I takes dat dollar."

Gabriel, like Zacche us,was hid away in the tree-top in fine time. An immense concourse, of all sizes and collors. assembled at the appointed hour, and Dow preached on the judgment of the last day. By his power of description he wrought the multitude up to the opening scenes of the resurrection, of the grand assize, at the call of the trumpet peals of the nations. Then," said he, "suppose my friends that we should hear at this moment the sound of Gabriel's trumpet." Sure enough, at that moment the trumpet sounded. The women shrieked,and many fainted; the men sprang up and looked aghast; some ran;others fell and called for mercy: and all felt for a time that the judgement was set and the books were opened Dow stood and watched the driving storm till the fright abated,and some one discovered the colored angel who had caused the alarm quietly perched on a limb of the spruce, and wanted to get him down and whip him, and then resumed his theme, saying. 'I forbid all persons touching that boy up there. If a colored boy with a tin horn can frighten you almost out of your wits, what will you do when ye shall hear the trumpet of the archangel? How will ye be able to stand in the wrath of God? He made a very effective application.

'Turn out, Turn out, cried a roystering teamster to one he was meeting. 'Turn out,or I'll serve you as I did the other man.'

The stranger in astonishment, complied; but when John was nearly opposite, called to him with:

'Pray, sir how did you serve the other man?'

'Why,sir,' said Whip,tipping a wink, 'I told him to turn out and he wouldn't so I turned out myself!'

A young hopeful went into a cabinet store and inquired if they kept coffins for sale. Upon being answered in the affirmative, he remarked that 'Pap' was dead, and he wanted a cheap coffin. The proprietor showed him his stock of coffins, but they were all too high priced to suit his customer. After a moment's hesitation he exclaimed: 'Blast it, let me see yonr second hand coffins; I reckon they'll be good enough.'

A German, arrested in New York for attacking his wife's sweetheart, told this story: 'I tells Christina to valk straight home, and Shinkins, he picks up der beer mug und lets te beer spill over mine face, und he hits me in der back mit his boot, und I goes out;und Christina she no come, und I goes home und goes to ped, between two fedder peds. I vas so mad; und Christina, she comes und laughs at me because Shinkins hit mine back before mine face mit his two boots.'

AGENTS SHOULD ADDRESS **C. F. VENT**

3 Barclay St., N.Y. or 38 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O. If they want the most popular and best selling subscription books published, and the most liberal terms. Send for circulars. They will cost you nothing, and may be of great benefit to you.

WANTED AGENTS FOR THE KING OF HORSE BOOKS,

The American **Farmer's Horse Book,** it outsells, ten to one, any book of its kind ever published. 40th thousand in press. Agents doing better now than ever before. Also, for

OUR FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

In both ENGLISH and GERMAN, Embracing the ALOPATHIC, HOMEOATHIC, HYDROPATHIC, ECLECTIC, and HERBAL modes of treatment. 544 closely printed pages. Price only $2.-50. *The most complete, reliable and popular family medical book in existence.* Address C. F. VENT, Bublisher, 2 Barclay St., New York.

NEW GOODS

THE VERY LATEST STYLES,

AND AT GREATLY REDUCED

PRICES.

H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

TAKES this method of informing their numerous friends, that they have on hand, and is daily receiving, the largest, and best assorted stock of

Fall and Winter

Goods, ever before presented to the people of Rutherford, all of which he offers to sell at greatly reduced prices, for GREENBACKS, or country produce, of ANY KIND, at the highest market price.

Just received, a new lot of Ladie's and Geu't Shoes, of all grades. Also a large lot of Copper Tipped Shoes for children, at living prices, call and see for yourselves.

H. C. DAVIS, & BRO.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

IF you want to get good bargains, by buying the best quality of goods, for the lowest prices, before you make your purchases, be sure to call on H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

FAMILY GROCERIES

OF all kinds including the best qualities of Sugars, and Coffees for sale cheap by H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

A GOOD assortment of Notions and Fancy Goods, Toys and pretty things, to please the children. For sale by H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

DRY GOODS.

A SPLENDID assortment of Calicoes Worsteds, DeLanes', and Ladies dress goods and trimmings, to suit both style and price, can be found, at H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

THE best qualities of chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco, cigars, Snuff, &c. Always on hand and for sale by H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

A GOOD supply of Hardware and Cutlery, consisting of Carpenters tools, of all descriptions, knives and forks, scissors, &c. For sale cheap by H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

Notice.—On Monday of March Superior Court, it being the 28th day of March, 1870. I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House in Rutherfordton, that Valuable Property known as the Idler Mine, situate on 2nd Broad River, about nine miles North from Rutherfordton, in Rutherford county, N. C. This property consists of about One Thousand Acres of Land, on which there is supposed to be a rich Gold Mine. There is also a Mill, good Timber, and Farming Land included in the tract.

Sale by order of the Superior Court on the petition of Matilda Hayden and others.

Terms, six months credit, the purchaser to give bond bearing interest from date, with security. Title withheld till sale is confirmed by the Court and payment made.

J. B CARPENTER, C. C. S. C.
Feb. 18th, 1870. 5tf.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co., are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car makers, Pails and Wooden Ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5,000 bbls, the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark, Grafton Mineral Paint. Persons can order the Paint and remit the money on receipt of goods. Address, BIDWELL & CO., 254 Pearl st., N. Y.
45-6m

Monitor Plow.

Warranted in every respect,

By changing the large Med, you have a Furrow Plow. What every planter needs. The very thing for laying off Corn, and Cotton Rows. By removing one Wing, you have a Coulter, which no Farmer can do without.—Price of Plow to make all three implements, $6.00.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue, Free to all.
2-tf. PALMER & TURPIN.
RICHMOND, VA.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given to all persons indebted to Miller, Eayes & Co., and to W. H. Miller, & Co., that unless their accounts are settled before March Court, that the accounts and notes will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

W. H. MILLER, & CO.
No. 5. t-e.

EQUALITY

Life Insurance Company.

Equality Life Insurance COMPANY OF ***VIRGINIA.***

IT IS MORE LIBERAL TO THE INSURED THAN ANY OTHER ***COMPANY,***

And will Eventually Become PURELY MUTUAL

AND BELONG TO THE

INSURED.

EXAMINE ITS PAMPHLETS *BEFORE YOU* **INSURE,**

IT IS TO YOUR INTEREST *TO DO SO.*

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
1015 MAIN STREET,
RICHMOND,
VIRGINIA.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

CARPENTER & LOGAN, AGENTS.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

J. W. HARRIS, M. D.,
40-tf. MEDICAL EXAMINER.

FAMILY GROCERY,

LYNCH & HUFFMASTER.
(BURTT'S HOTEL.)
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

HAVE OPENED THE LARGEST AND best selected Stock of Family Groceries and Confectioneries, that been in the County since the war.

Their stock consists in part of

Sugars,
Coffees,
Salt,
Teas,
Syrups,
Rice,
Soda,
Ginger,
Pepper,
Spices,
Soaps,
Candles,
Buckets,
Seives,
Brooms,
Cotton and Wool Cards.
Powder,
Shot.
Lead,
Nails,
Fish,
Cheese,
Crackers,
Candies,
Raisins,
Nuts,
Preserves,
Jellies,
Oysters,
Sardines,
Pickles

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Paints, Oils and Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, Shovels Spades, Forks, Trace Chains.

we will sell as cheap as the same article of goods can be bought at Spartanburg.

All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewher.
Sept. '69. 31-1y.

TO MERCHANTS.

ELIAS & COHEN,

The Oldest Merchants of Charlotte, are offering their large and well assorted Stock of

Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing,

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Notions and Fancy Goods

Suited to the Wholesale Trade, at

Unprecedented Low Prices.

Buyers would do well to examine their goods and prices before Purchasing.

Store Opposite Charlotte Hotel.

45 3m. ELIAS & COHEN.

PATENTS obtained for inventors by Dr. D. BREED, Chemist, and late Examiner in the Patent office, who has devoted 18 years to patent business, and will promptly prepare papers, drawings, &c. Terms, $20 to $30. Write for circulars.

Direct to 818 F street, op. Pat. Office, *Washington, D. C.*

Refer to Senators Pomeroy and Sumner.
No. 5. 3-m

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

IF you want anything in the line of Gents Furnishing Goods, you will always find on hand, at the lowest prices, and in the latest fashions, a good supply of Ready-Made Clothing, over coats, cashmeres, clothes, &c., by calling at H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

Encourage Home Industr

D. M. RIGLER
OPPOSITE MANSION HOUSE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Manufacturer of Plain and Fancy Candies, and Wholesale and retail dealer in Confectioneries, fruits, nuts, Canned Goods, Crackers, Figs, &c., &c.

I am now Manufacturing all grade of candies and warrant them pure and unadulterated. Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. 3-3m.

LARGEST WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SHOE STORE IN NORH CAROLINA,

SMITH'S SHOE STORE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Having recently made advantageous arrangements with the manufeturers of BOOTS AND SHOES, we are enabled to offer the greatest inducements to the Shoe Trade, and will hereafter duplicate any bill of Boots and Shoes bought in New York, Baltimore or Philadelphia, within the last two years. By long experience in the Shoe trade, we claim some advantages in it, and will give all the benefits we can to our customers. Call and see us. Everything warranted as represented. Our price to all. Strict attention to business, and fair dealing is our motto.

SMITH'S SHOE STORE.

NEXT DOOR TO DEWEY'S BANK. 45-tf.

Now is the Time to Subcribe.

FOR THE

NEW YORK WEEKLY,

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE JOURNAL.

The Most Interesting Stories

Are always to be found in the

NEW YORK WEEKLY.

At present there are

SIX GREAT STORIES

running through its columns; and at least

One Story is Begun Every Month.

New subscribers are thus sure of having the commencement of a new continued story, no matter when they subscribe for the

NEW YORK WEEKLY.

Each number of the NEW YORK WEEKLY contains Several Beautiful Illustrations, Double the Amount of Reading Matter of any paper of its class, and the Sketches, Short Stories, Poems, etc., are by the ablest writers of America and Europe. The

NEW YORK WEEKLY

does not confine its usefulness to amusement but publishes a great quantity of really Instuctive Matter, in the most condensed form. The

IN WEEKLY DEPARTMENTS

have attained a high reputation from their brevity, excellence, and correctness.

The Pleasant Paragraphs are made up of the concentrated wit and humor of many minds.

The Knowledge Box is confined to useful information on all manner of subjects.

The News Items give in the lowest words the most notable doings all over the world.

The Gossip with Correspondents contains answers to inquirers upon all imaginable subjects.

AN UNRIVALED LITERARY PAPER

IS THE

NEW YORK WEEKLY.

Each issue contains from Eight to Ten Stories and Sketches, and half a dozen Poems, in Addition to the Six Serial Stories and the Varied Departments.

The Terms to Subscribers:

One Year—single copy,	$3.00
" Four copies ($2,50 each)	10.00
" Eight copies,	20.00

Those sending $20 for club of Eight, all sent at one time, will be entitled to a copy FREE. Getters-up of clubs can afterward add single copies at $2.50 each.

STREET & SMITH, Proprietors,
43-3m No. 55 Fulton Street, N. Y.

1870. The Nursery. 1870.

The best, cheapest and most richly Illustrated Monthly Magazine for Children. $1.50 a year in advance. Sample number 10 cents. Subscribe NOW, and get the last number of 1869 FREE.

Address JOHN L. SHOREY,
13 Washington St., Boston.

WATERS'

New Scale Pianos,

WITH IRON FRAME.

Overstrung Bass and Agraffe Bridge,

MELODEONS

AND

Cabinet Organs.

THE BEST MANUFACTURED.

Warranted for Six Years.

Pianos, Melodeons and Organs—Prices greatly reduced for cash. New 7-Octave Pianos for $275 and upward. New Cabinet Organs for $45 and upward. Second hand instruments from $40 to $175. Monthly installments received. Illustrated catalogues mailed.

HORACE WATERS

Warerooms, 481 *Broadway.*

NEW YORK CIY.

TESTIMONIALS.

The Waters' Pianos are known as among the very best.—[N. Y. Evangelist.

We can speak of the merits of the Waters Pianos from personal knowledge as being of the very best quality.—[Christian Intelligencer.

The Waters' Pianos are built of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material.—[Advocate and Journal.

Our friends will find at Mr. Waters, store the very best assortment of pianos and organs to be found in the United States.—[Graham's Magazine.

Horace Waters, 481 Broadway, is famed for the excellence of his Pianos and Organs.—[Evening Post.

The Waters' Piano ranks with the best manufactured in America.—[The Independent, N. Y.

MUSICAL DOINGS.—Since Mr. Waters gave up publishing sheet music, he has devoted all his capital and attention to the manufacture and sale of

Pianos and Melodeons.

He has just issued a catalogue of his new instruments, giving a new scale of prices, which shows a marked reduction from former rates, and his pianos have rencently been awarded the First premium at several Fairs. Many people of the present day, who are attracted, if not confused, with the flaming advertisements of rival piano houses, probably overlook a modest modest manufacturer like Mr. Waters; but we happen to know that his

Instruments

earned him a good reputation long before expositions and "honors" connected therewith were ever thought of; indeed we have one of Mr. Waters'

Piano Fortes

now in our residence (where it has stood for years,) of which any manufacturer in the world might well be proud. We have always been delighted with it as a

Sweet-toned

and powerful instrument, and there is no doubt of its durability: more than this, some of the best amateur players in the city, as well as several celebrated pianists, have performed on the said piano, and all pronounce it a superior and first class instrument.

Stronger indorsements we could not give.—[Home Journal. 1-1y

NEW

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED AT

CRATON'S STORE

I HAVE just received from New York and Charleston, a very large and desirable stock of GOODS, consisting of

DRY GOODS,

Notions,
Fancy Articles,
Dress Goods, for Ladies' and Gentlemen,
Hardware,
Hats,
Boots,
Shoes in great variety

A LARGE LOT OF CHOICE GROCERIES embracing,

SUGAR,
COFFEE,
TEA,
SODA,
SALT,
CHEESE,
CRACKERS,
OYSTERS,
&c., &c.,

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE in abundance.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS.

WINDOW GLASS,

PUTTY,

and everything in fact usually kept in a first retail Store, all of which will be sold at great ly reduced prices for Cash or Country Produce.

My friends and the public generally are respectively invited to call and examine my stock as I feel confident that I can and will sell them

GOOD GOODS

as low as they can be bought in Charlotte or elsewhere for Cash or Country Produce.

J. M. CRATON.
june3-19-tf